BLEMMYES GLOBAL PATTERN TRACKING

Updated with Refined Archaeological Prediction — July 2026

Refined Archaeological Prediction

As the population declines, archaeological signals will not simply disappear. Instead, they will become **smaller in number per site** and **more geographically dispersed**. Large centralized clusters should become rarer over time. Later periods should show scattered, low-density finds across wider areas rather than organized groups in fewer locations. This pattern requires mapping by best possible dating combined with precise geolocation to detect properly.

Expected Pattern Over Time

- **Earlier stages** (larger population): More bodies per site, some larger clusters in fewer locations.
- **Middle stages** (declining population): Fewer bodies per site, increasing geographic spread.
- **Late stages** (very small population): Very small numbers per site, widely dispersed geographically, harder to detect as coherent clusters.

Methodological Note

To test this prediction accurately, archaeological data must be analyzed with attention to both cluster size/frequency and geographic dispersion over time. Simple presence/absence of finds is insufficient. The model predicts increasing fragmentation and dispersal of remains as the population collapses and scatters.